

Q1. (9321 + 5406 + 1001) / (498 + 929 + 660) =?

- (A) 13•5
- **(B)** 4•5
- (C) 16•5
- (D) 7•5

<u>ANS:</u> (D)

Q2. The difference between the greatest number and the smallest number of 5 digits 0, 1, 2, 3, 4 using all but once is -----.

(A) 32976
(B) 32679
(C) 32769
(D) None of these

<u>ANS:</u> (A)

Q3. If a train covers 600 m in 0.5 seconds, how long it will cover in 10 seconds?



<u>ANS:</u> 3000 m = 3 km

Q4. 561204 × 58 =? × 55555

- (A) 606
- **(B) 646**
- (C) **586**
- **(D)** 716

<u>ANS:</u> (C)

Q5. Area of a parallelogram whose base is 9 cm and height 4 cm is ----- sq cm.

- (A) 9 (B) 4
- (C) 36
- (D) 13

<u>ANS:</u> (C)



Q6. Sisters age is twice than that of the brother. If the brothers age is six, what is the sisters age after two years?

ANS: 14 Yrs.

Q7. The girls age is twice that of boy, if the boy is four years old. After four years the age of the girl is

ANS: 12 years

Q8. The fig shown in below is a SRAM (1K* 4 bits), how many of this SRAMS are required to design 16K of one byte?

ANS: 32 SRAMS and one 4 to 16 decoder

Q9. Which of these protocols provides text connectionless communications that relies with upper layers of the OSI model for error correction?

(A) TCP

(B) UDP

(C) SPX



Q10. What is the value of p, in main()? C code follows.

```
char* rev(char s[])
{
  for(int i = 0, n = strlen(s);
  s[ i ]; ++i)
  {
    char c = s[ i ];
    s[ i ] = s[ n-1-i ], s[ i ] = c;
  }
  return s;
  }
  int main()
  {
    char s[] = uncommon ideas!;
    char *p = rev(s);
  }
}
```

(A) !saedi nommocnu

(B) ideas! uncommon



- (C) uncommon ideas!
- (D) nommocnu !saedi