

General Knowledge Previously Asked Questions

Set - 1:

1. "Parliamentary Government" is also known as....

- (A) Cabinet Government
- (B) Responsible Government
- (C) Westminster forms of government
- (D) All of the above

Ans. D

Explanation: The Parliamentary Government is also known as cabinet government or Responsible Government responsible and Westminster forms of government and is prevalent in Britain, Japan Canada, India and other countries.

2. Which of the following characteristics is not related to Parliamentary Government?

- (A) Resolution of lower house
- (B) Collective liability

(C) Leadership of the Prime Minister

(D) Single Executive

Ans. D

Explanation: features of parliamentary system are: Dual Executive, majority party rule, collective responsibility, political homogeneity, double membership, leadership of Prime Minister, dissolution of lower and house fusion of power.

3. Which of the following is not the merit of the Presidential System?

(A) Permanent Government

(B) Confirmation in policies

(C) Limited Representation

(D) Government by experts

Ans. C

Explanation: Features of presidential system are: single executive, non-responsibility, political homogeneity may not exist, domination of president, no dissolution power of lower house and separation of powers.

4. Which of the following is a demerit of the Parliamentary System?

(A) Compressed representation

(B) Uncertainty of policies

(C) Temporary Government

(D) All of the above

Ans. D

Explanation: All of the above are demerits of the Parliamentary System.

5. Which of the following statements is not correct?

(A) According to the 42nd and the 44th amendment, it is compulsory for president to comply with the advice of the Council of Ministers.

(B) Presidential System is based on double executive.

(C) According to the Article 74 the Council of Ministers works under the leadership of the Prime Minister.

(D) Article 74 and 75 provides parliamentary system in the center.

Ans. B

Explanation: Presidential System is based on single executive.

6. Which of the following characteristics is not related to the Presidential System?

(A) Governance of the Prime Minister

(B) Single Executive

(C) Single Membership

(D) Dissolution of lower house is baned

Ans. A

Explanation: Presidential System is the Governance of the President.

7. Which of the following characteristics is not related to the federal government?

(A) Written Constitution

(B) Flexible Constitution

(C) Supremacy of the Constitution

(D) Independent Judiciary

Ans. B

8. In the Federal Government.....

(A) All the powers and functions are vested in the Central Government and Regional Government.

(B) All powers are divided into Central Government and Regional Government

(C) Both A and B

(D) None of the above

Ans. B

Explanation: Both A and B

9. The Federal System in India is based on the model of which country?

(A) Canada

(B) UK

(C) America

(D) Japan

Ans. A

Explanation: The Federal System in India is adopted from the Canada.

10. Which of the following statements is wrong?

(A) Lok Sabha represents the people of India.

(B) The Rajya Sabha represents the states.

(C) There are only 98 topics in the center list at this time.

(D) Rajya Sabha protects the state with unnecessary interference from the Center

Ans. C

Explanation: The Union List or List-I is a list of 101 items given in Seventh Schedule in the Constitution of India on which Parliament has exclusive power to legislate.

Set - 2:

Q.1 Which of the following personalities gave 'The Laws of Heredity'?

(A) Robert Hook

(B) G.J. Mendel

(C) Charles Darwin

(D) William Harvey

Ans . B

Q.2 Name the person who was also known as Deshbandhu.

(A) S. Radhakrishnan

(B) G.K. Gokhale

(C) Chittaranjan Das

(D) Madan Mohan Malviya

Ans . C

Q.3 Which of the following is NOT the language enshrined in the eighth schedule of the Indian Constitution, as the language of the state?

(A) Nepali

(B) Kashmiri

(C) English

(D) Konkani

Ans . C

Q.4 The capital of Uttarakhand is....

(A) Masoorie

(B) Dehra Dun

(C) Nainital

(D) None of these

Ans . B

Q.5 Geet Govind is a famous creation of

(A) Bana Bhatt

(B) Kalidas

(C) Jayadev

(D) Bharat Muni

Ans . C

Q.6 Which of the following represents the Finance Commissions that have been set-up so far? <https://www.freshersnow.com/previous-year-question-papers/>

(A) 10

(B) 11

(C) 12

(D) 13

Ans . D

Q.7 World Trade Organization came into existence in.....

(A) 1992

(B) 1993

(C) 1994

(D) 1995

Ans . D

Q.8 According to the Constitution of India, which of the following is NOT one of the main organs of the Government?

(A) Legislature

(B) Bureaucracy

(C) Executive

(D) Judiciary

Ans . B

Q.9 In which year did the Cabinet Mission arrived in India?

(A) 1942

(B) 1943

(C) 1945

(D) 1946

Ans . D

Q.10 Panchayati Raj comes under....

(A) Residual list

(B) Concurrent list

(C) State list

(D) Union list

Ans . C

Set - 3:

Q 1. When was the first Parliamentary Forum on Water Conservation and Management constituted?

a. 1950

b. 2005

c. 1970

d. 1985

Q 2. When was the first Parliamentary Forum on Youth constituted?

a) 2010

b) 2008

c) 2006

d) 1985

Q 3. When was the first Parliamentary Forum on Global Warming and Climate Change constituted?

a) 2005

b) 2006

c) 2007

d) 2008

Q 4. When was the first Parliamentary Forum on Disaster Management constituted?

a) 2011

b) 2010

c) 2009

d) 2008

Q 5. When was the first Parliamentary Forum on Children constituted?

a) 2006

b) 2007

c) 2008

d) 2009

Q 6. Which of the following describes India as a secular state?

(a) Fundamental rights

(b) Directive principles of state policy

(c) Fifth schedule

(d) Preamble of the constitution

Q.7 “The independence of Judiciary” in Indian constitution is taken from.

(a) Britain

(b) USA

(c) South Africa

(d) Australia

Q 8. In a parliamentary form of Government the real powers of the state, are vested in the....

(a) The President

(b) Chief Justice of the Supreme court

(c) Council of ministers headed by the Prime Minister

(d) Parliament

Q 9. Which of the following amendment acts amended the Preamble of the Indian constitution?

(a) 44th Amendment act

(b) 42nd Amendment act

(c) 56th Amendment act

(d) It has never been amended

Q 10. Supreme Court held that the Preamble is not a part of the constitution in which of the following cases/case?

(a) Berubari Union case (1960)

(b) Unni Krishnan vs Union of India

(c) Minnerva Mills vs. the union of India and other states

(d) Sunil Batra vs. Delhi government

Answers:

1- b

2- c

3- d

4- a

5- a

6- d

7- a

8- c

9- b

10- a